Station 4: Physics Applications (3E)

3E	I can apply a quadratic model (equations and inequalities) to projectile motion and explain
,	the difference between solutions found theoretically versus within an applied context (includes
	inequalities).

- 1. A ball is thrown straight upward at an initial speed of 40 ft/s.
 - a. When does the ball reach a height of 48 feet?
 - b. When does the ball reach its greatest height?
 - c. What is the ball's greatest height?
 - d. When does the ball hit the ground?
- 2. A bowling ball is dropped of a building that is 96 ft tall.
 - a. How long will it take the ball to fall half the distance to the ground?
 - b. When does the ball hit the ground?

101-102 ■ Falling-Body Problems Use the formula $h = -16t^2 + v_0 t$ discussed in Example 9.

- 101. A ball is thrown straight upward at an initial speed of $v_0 = 40 \text{ ft/s}.$
 - (a) When does the ball reach a height of 24 ft?
 - (b) When does it reach a height of 48 ft?
 - (c) What is the greatest height reached by the ball?
 - (d) When does the ball reach the highest point of its path?
 - (e) When does the ball hit the ground?
- 102. How fast would a ball have to be thrown upward to reach a maximum height of 100 ft? [Hint: Use the discriminant of the equation $16t^2 - v_0t + h = 0$.]

Applications

/99-100 a Falling-Body Problems Suppose an object is dropped from a height h_0 above the ground. Then its height after t seconds is given by $h = -16t^2 + h_0$, where h is measured in feet. Use this information to solve the problem.

- 99. If a ball is dropped from 288 ft above the ground, how long does it take to reach ground level?
- 100. A ball is dropped from the top of a building 96 ft tall.
 - (a) How long will it take to fall half the distance to ground
 - (b) How long will it take to fall to ground level?

- 59. Height of a Ball If a ball is thrown directly upward with a velocity of 40 ft/s, its height (in feet) after t seconds is given by $y = 40t - 16t^2$. What is the maximum height attained by the ball?
- 60. Path of a Ball A ball is thrown across a playing field. Its path is given by the equation $y = -0.005x^2 + x + 5$, where x is the distance the ball has traveled horizontally, and y is its height above ground level, both measured in feet.
 - (a) What is the maximum height attained by the ball?
 - (b) How far has it traveled horizontally when it hits the ground?



Analyzing the Motion of a Projectile A projectile is fired from a cliff 200 feet above the water at an inclination of 45° to the horizontal, with a muzzle velocity of 50 feet per second. The height h of the projectile above the water is modeled by

$$h(x) = \frac{-32x^2}{(50)^2} + x + 200$$

where x is the horizontal distance of the projectile from the face of the cliff.

- (a) At what horizontal distance from the face of the cliff is the height of the projectile a maximum?
- (b) Find the maximum height of the projectile.
- (c) At what horizontal distance from the face of the cliff will the projectile strike the water?
- (d) Using a graphing utility, graph the function h, $0 \le x \le 200.$
- (e) Use a graphing utility to verify the solutions found in parts (b) and (c).
- (f) When the height of the projectile is 100 feet above the water, how far is it from the cliff?