

Section 1.6 Independent Practice**Name:****Period:**

Evaluate each composite value.

1. If $f(x) = 3x - 5$ and $g(x) = x^2$, find $(f \circ g)(3)$

- A.) 9 B.) 27 C.) 5 D.) 22

2. If $f(x) = -9x - 9$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 9}$, find $(f \circ g)(10)$

- A.) 1 B.) -9 C.) -18 D.) 8

3. If $f(x) = -4x + 2$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 8}$, find $(f \circ g)(12)$

- A.) 2 B.) -6 C.) -18 D.) undefined

4. If $f(x) = -3x + 4$ and $g(x) = x^2$, find $(g \circ f)(-2)$

- A.) 10 B.) 100 C.) -8 D.) 4

5. If $f(x) = -2x + 1$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 5}$, find $(g \circ f)(2)$

- A.) 2 B.) -1 C.) 1 D.) -3

Find each composite.

6. Given $f(x) = -9x + 3$ and $g(x) = x^4$, find $(f \circ g)(x)$

- A.)
- $-9x^4 + 3$
- B.)
- $-9x^2 + 3$
- C.)
- $9x^4 + 3$
- D.)
- $9x^4 - 3$

7. Given $f(x) = 2x - 5$ and $g(x) = x + 2$, find $(f \circ g)(x)$

- A.)
- $2x^2 - x$
- B.)
- $2x - 3$
- C.)
- $2x - 1$
- D.)
- $2x + 1$

8. Given $f(x) = x^2 + 7$ and $g(x) = x - 3$, find $(f \circ g)(x)$

- A.)
- $x^2 - 6x + 10$
- B.)
- $x^2 + 4$
- C.)
- $x^2 - 6x + 16$
- D.)
- $x^2 - 4$

9. Given $f(x) = 4x + 3$ and $g(x) = x^2$, find $(g \circ f)(x)$

- A.)
- $x^2 + 24x + 9$
- B.)
- $16x^2 + 9$
- C.)
- $4x^2 + 3$
- D.)
- $16x^2 + 24x + 9$

10. Given $f(x) = x - 1$ and $g(x) = x^2 + 2x - 8$, find $(g \circ f)(x)$

- A.)
- $x^2 - 9$
- B.)
- $x^2 + 2x - 9$
- C.)
- $x^2 + 2x - 7$
- D.)
- $x^2 + 2x - 7$

GradeCam ID

--	--	--	--	--

1. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
2. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
3. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
4. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
5. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
6. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
7. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
8. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
9. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)
10. (A) (B) (C) (D) (E)

0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9

COMPOSITE FUNCTION Worksheet Answers

Evaluate each composite value

$$\begin{aligned}1. \quad & (f \circ g)(3) = f(g(3)) \\ & g(3) = (3)^2 = 9 \\ & f(9) = 3(9) - 5 = 27 - 5 = 22\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}2. \quad & (f \circ g)(10) = f(g(10)) \\ & g(10) = \sqrt{(10) - 9} = \sqrt{1} = 1 \\ & f(1) = -9(1) - 9 = -9 - 9 = -18\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}3. \quad & (f \circ g)(12) = f(g(12)) \\ & g(12) = \sqrt{(12) - 8} = \sqrt{4} = 2 \\ & f(2) = -4(2) + 2 = -8 + 2 = -6\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}4. \quad & (g \circ f)(-2) = g(f(-2)) \\ & f(-2) = -3(-2) + 4 = 6 + 4 = 10 \\ & g(10) = (10)^2 = 100\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}5. \quad & (g \circ f)(2) = g(f(2)) \\ & f(2) = -2(2) + 1 = -4 + 1 = -3 \\ & g(-3) = \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 5} = \sqrt{9 - 5} = \sqrt{4} = 2\end{aligned}$$

$$6. \quad (f \circ g)(x) = f[g(x)] = f(x^4) = -9(x^4) + 3 = -9x^4 + 3$$

$$7. \quad (f \circ g)(x) = f[g(x)] = f(x+2) = 2(x+2) - 5 = 2x + 4 - 5 = 2x - 1$$

$$8. \quad (f \circ g)(x) = f[g(x)] = f(x-3) = (x-3)^2 + 7 = x^2 - 6x + 9 + 7 = x^2 - 6x + 16$$

$$9. \quad (g \circ f)(x) = g[f(x)] = g(4x+3) = (4x+3)^2 = 16x^2 + 24x + 9$$

$$\begin{aligned}10. \quad & (g \circ f)(x) = g[f(x)] = g(x-1) = (x-1)^2 + 2(x-1) - 8 \\ & = x^2 - 2x + 1 + 2x - 2 - 8 = x^2 - 9\end{aligned}$$