

## MIND MAP VOCABULARY and INSTRUCTIONS

Name \_\_\_\_\_ PER \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

Follow the steps below to create a MIND MAP connecting as many Unit 4 topics to each other as possible.

### STEP 1

Create a LIST of as many vocabulary terms as you can think of relating to POLYNOMIALS. (For help, a short list is provided in this document.)

### STEP 2

Group your words together in categories. (for example, 'parts of a graph,' 'rules,' etc.)

### STEP 3

Using POLYNOMIALS as the central idea draw lines connecting ideas.

*THEN (and this is the best part!)*

Write a short phrase ON the line describing their connection

"Strong connections" imply that the connection (1) makes sense, (2) is accurate, (3) uses academic vocab where applicable and (4) uses arrows to specify direction.

### Chapter 1 VOCAB

	<b>average rate of change</b>	<b>composite functions</b>
<b>continuous</b>	<b>coterminal</b>	<b>domain</b>
<b>equation</b>	<b>equivalent expressions</b>	<b>function</b>
<b>function notation</b>	<b>graph</b>	<b>inverse function</b>
<b>invertible</b>		<b>multiple representations</b>
<b>parent graph</b>	<b>piecewise-defined function</b>	<b>properties of exponents</b>
<b>radian</b>	<b>range</b>	<b>rationalize the denominator</b>
<b>slope</b>	<b>table</b>	<b>unit circle</b>

**Chapter 2 VOCAB**

<b>amplitude</b>	<b>angle</b>	<b>compression</b>
<b>concave down</b>	<b>concave up</b>	<b>cosine</b>
<b>coterminal</b>	<b>decreasing function</b>	<b>even function</b>
<b>extrema</b>	<b>global maximum</b>	<b>global minimum</b>
<b>horizontal</b>	<b>increasing function</b>	<b>inflection point</b>
<b>inverse cosine</b>	<b>inverse sine</b>	<b>inverse tangent</b>
<b>local maximum</b>	<b>local minimum</b>	<b>midline</b>
<b>odd function</b>	<b>period</b>	<b>periodic function</b>
<b>shift</b>	<b>reference angle</b>	<b>reflection</b>
<b>tangent</b>	<b>sine</b>	<b>stretch</b>
<b>unit circle</b>	<b>transformation</b>	<b>trigonometry</b>
	<b>vertical</b>	

**Chapter 3 VOCAB**

<b>area model</b>	<b>area under a curve</b>	<b>argument</b>
	<b>complex fraction</b>	<b>constant of variation</b>
	<b>Giant One</b>	<b>index</b>
		<b>left endpoint rectangle</b>
<b>long division</b>	<b>overestimate</b>	<b>polynomial division</b>
<b>rational expression</b>	<b>remainder</b>	<b>right endpoint rectangle</b>
<b>series</b>	<b>sigma notation</b>	<b>solution</b>
<b>subscript notation</b>	<b>system of equations</b>	<b>u-substitution</b>
<b>underestimate</b>		